

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Jerry Alexander Canzater, #248373,)	C/A No. 0:08-3077-HMH-PJG
)	
Plaintiff,)	
)	REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION
v.)	
)	
Renardo Meyers; Officer Gazahdar;)	
Doctor Kelvin Wiley; Nurse Rena Chisolm;)	
Officer Felder,)	
)	
Defendants.)	
)	

This civil rights matter is before the court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b) and Local Civil Rule 73.02(B)(2) DSC on Defendants Kelvin Wiley and Rena Chisolm's motion for summary judgment (Docket Entry 36), Defendants Renardo Meyers and Officer Felder's motion for summary judgment (Docket Entry 52), and plaintiff's motion to dismiss (Docket Entry 56). The plaintiff, Jerry Alexander Canzater ("Canzater"), a self-represented state prisoner, filed this action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 claiming that the defendants violated his constitutional rights.

On April 17, 2009, Canzater moved for this matter to be dismissed without prejudice pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41. (Docket Entry 56.) In his motion, Canzater simply states that he "feel[s] that it's in the best interest to do so." (Id.) Canzater does not specify under which provision of Rule 41 he seeks to have his case dismissed.

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(a), a plaintiff may not voluntarily dismiss his action without order of court after service of an answer or motion for summary judgment, unless a stipulation of dismissal is signed by all parties. In this case, the defendants have filed both their answers and motions for summary judgment and they expressly object to a dismissal without

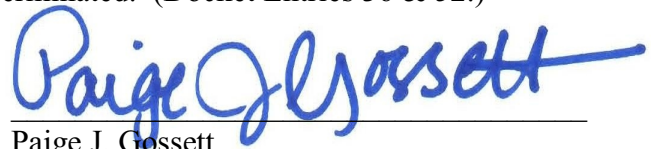
prejudice, as they assert that their answers and motions were compiled at great expense. Therefore, Canzater's action may not be dismissed without leave of court.

In response to Canzater's motion to dismiss under Rule 41, the defendants have requested that "to the extent the Court considers this motion under Rule 41(a)(2), Fed.R.Civ.P., any dismissal of the Plaintiff's claims be considered a dismissal **with prejudice**." (Docket Entries 59 & 60 (emphasis in originals)). To date, Canzater has not filed any reply to this response or otherwise responded in opposition. Rule 41(a)(2) provides that "[e]xcept as provided in Rule 41(a)(1), an action may be dismissed at the plaintiff's request only by court order, on terms that the court considers proper." While generally a plaintiff's motion for voluntary dismissal without prejudice under Rule 41(a)(2) should not be denied absent plain legal prejudice to the defendant, see Ohlander v. Larson, 114 F.3d 1531, 1537 (10th Cir. 1997); Andes v. Versant Corp., 788 F.2d 1033, 1036 (4th Cir. 1986), a district court may dismiss an action under Rule 41(a)(2) with prejudice, see Choice Hotels Int'l Inc., 11 F.3d 469, 471 (4th Cir. 1993). In deciding whether to dismiss an action pursuant to Rule 41(a)(2), a court should consider factors such as "the opposing party's effort and expense in preparing for trial, excessive delay and lack of diligence on the part of the movant, and insufficient explanation of the need for a voluntary dismissal," as well as "the present stage of litigation." Phillips USA, Inc. v. Allflex USA, Inc., 77 F.3d 354, 358 (10th Cir. 1996) (internal citations and quotations omitted).

In this case, Defendants Kelvin Wiley and Rena Chisolm have filed an answer (Docket Entry 22) and a motion for summary judgment, which consists of a twenty-page motion and accompanying memorandum and approximately 240 pages of attached exhibits (Docket Entry 36). Defendants Renardo Meyers and Officer Felder have also filed an answer (Docket Entry 21) and a motion for

summary judgment, which consists of a twenty-one-page motion and accompanying memorandum and approximately 90 pages of attached exhibits and affidavits (Docket Entry 52). The court further observes that Canzater filed his motion to dismiss over eleven weeks after the first motion for summary judgment was filed and four weeks after the second motion for summary judgment was filed. Based on the defendants' efforts and expenses thus far, the amount of time that passed between the filing of the defendants' motions for summary judgment and Canzater's motion to dismiss, Canzater's insufficient explanation of the need for a voluntary dismissal, and the absence of a reply or response in objection to the defendants' request for dismissal with prejudice, the court finds dismissal with prejudice to be appropriate. See Andes, 788 F.2d 1033; Phillips USA, Inc., 77 F.3d at 358.

For the foregoing reasons, the court recommends that the Complaint be dismissed *with prejudice* pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(a)(2). The court further recommends that the defendants' motions for summary judgment be terminated. (Docket Entries 36 & 52.)



Paige J. Gossett
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

May 22, 2009
Columbia, South Carolina

The parties' attention is directed to the important notice on the next page.

Notice of Right to File Objections to Report and Recommendation

The parties are advised that they may file specific written objections to this Report and Recommendation with the District Court Judge. Objections must specifically identify the portions of the Report and Recommendation to which objections are made and the basis for such objections. In the absence of a timely filed objection, a district court judge need not conduct a de novo review, but instead must “only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the record in order to accept the recommendation.” Diamond v. Colonial Life & Acc. Ins. Co., 416 F.3d 310 (4th Cir. 2005).

Specific written objections must be filed within ten (10) days of the date of service of this Report and Recommendation. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1); Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b). The time calculation of this ten-day period excludes weekends and holidays and provides for an additional three (3) days for filing by mail. Fed. R. Civ. P. 6(a) & (e). Filing by mail pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 5 may be accomplished by mailing objections to:

Larry W. Propes, Clerk
United States District Court
901 Richland Street
Columbia, South Carolina 29201

Failure to timely file specific written objections to this Report and Recommendation will result in waiver of the right to appeal from a judgment of the District Court based upon such Recommendation. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1); Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140 (1985); United States v. Schronce, 727 F.2d 91 (4th Cir. 1984); Wright v. Collins, 766 F.2d 841 (4th Cir. 1985).